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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Food Distribution Administration
5 South Wabash Avenue
Chicago, Illinois

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SCHOOL LUNCH FOODS LIST NO. 4

EFFECTIVE: MAY 1 TO MAY 31, 1943

During the period beginning 12:01 A.M. May 1, 1943, and ending midnight May 31, 1943, the foods listed below are hereby designated as school lunch foods which may be purchased by you from farmers or from retail or wholesale food merchants in your local community, for distribution under the Community School Lunch Program. Indemnity payments for foods purchased in accordance with the terms and conditions of your agreement with the Food Distribution Administration will be made to you upon receipt of your properly executed claim.

Evaporated Milk
Cheese, including cottage cheese

Oranges
Grapefruit
Dried Prunes
Apples
Rhubarb
Dried Raisins

Cabbage
Carrots
Beets
Potatoes (Irish)
Spinach, turnip tops, mustard greens
Kale
Celery
Onion

Lamb or mutton
Fresh Pork, including fresh pork sausage and ground 100% fresh pork
Fresh Beef, including hamburger made of ground 100% fresh beef
Liver, Kidney, Heart, Tongue

Dry Beans and Dry Peas
Soybeans (beans, flour, and meal)
Peanuts and Peanut Butter

Butter
Lard
Salt Pork

Shell Eggs

Whole Wheat Cereal
Whole Wheat (Graham) Flour
Enriched White Flour
Corn Meal
Hominy Grits
Rolled Oats

Molasses
Cane Syrup, including Sorghum
Corn Syrup

Through the Community School Lunch Program the Food Distribution Administration is assisting communities in providing adequate and proper foods for the nation's children. It is your responsibility to buy and prepare foods economically, to buy only those foods that are needed for your program, and to buy foods having the highest protein and vitamin content and which, in relation to price, will make the greatest contribution to children's nutritional requirements.

Donald E. Smith
Assistant Regional Administrator
Great Lakes Region

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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TO SPONSORS OF SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAMS

Sponsors, on studying the SCHOOL LUNCH FOODS LIST, NO. 4, will find that it lists the specific foods for which sponsors may claim reimbursement from the Food Distribution Administration.

This list contains a sufficient variety of commodities to permit all sponsors to purchase the foods they need for preparing nutritionally-adequate meals. There are several points regarding the use of this list which should be emphasized:

The School Lunch Program offers sponsors a splendid opportunity of making a real contribution to food conservation by using a minimum of canned or other processed foods when there is an adequate variety of fresh foods available. It is recognized that due to labor shortages, adjustments in operations of lunch programs will be necessary in order to use fresh foods.

The SCHOOL LUNCH FOODS LIST, it will be noted, does not include canned foods. If such foods are purchased, sponsors will pay for them from their own funds.

The fats, which this month are included in the SCHOOL LUNCH FOODS LIST, are BUTTER, LARD, and SALT PORK; therefore, sponsors may not claim reimbursement for any other fats and oils.

No smoked or other processed meats appear on the SCHOOL LUNCH FOODS LIST. Therefore, the Food Distribution Administration cannot pay for such commodities as frankfurters, luncheon meats and bacon.

Lettuce is not included on the list. It will be found that the greens which are listed may, when cut up raw, be used in the same way in which lettuce would be served. Special effort should be made to make the maximum use of carrots and the greens on the SCHOOL LUNCH FOODS LIST because of their high vitamin and mineral content.

Ground meats, which appear on the SCHOOL LUNCH FOODS LIST, may be extended by the sponsor by mixing with the cereals.

Sponsors may not bill the Food Distribution Administration for any foods purchased at prices in excess of the OPA ceilings, and claims for such purchases will not be paid.

We wish to re-emphasize the statement on the SCHOOL LUNCH FOODS LIST which reads "It is your responsibility to buy and prepare foods economically, to buy only those foods that are needed for your program, and to buy foods having the highest protein and vitamin content which, in relation to price, will make the greatest contribution to children's nutritional requirements."